

Integrability for solutions to some quasilinear elliptic systems

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$$u : \Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^N$$

$$-\sum_{i=1}^n D_i \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{\beta=1}^N a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x, u(x)) D_j u^\beta(x) \right) = 0, \quad x \in \Omega, \quad \alpha = 1, \dots, N$$

$$x \rightarrow a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x, u) \quad \text{measurable}$$

$$u \rightarrow a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x, u) \quad \text{continuous}$$

$$a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x, u) \quad \text{bounded and elliptic}$$

De Giorgi's counterexample (1968) $\Rightarrow u = (u^1, \dots, u^N)$ not regular

additional conditions

$$a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x, u) = 0 \quad \text{for} \quad \beta \neq \gamma$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\sup_{\Omega} u^{\gamma} \leq \sup_{\partial\Omega} u^{\gamma}$$

$$\theta^\gamma \leq u^\gamma \implies a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x, u) = 0 \text{ for } \beta \neq \gamma$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\sup_{\Omega} u^\gamma \leq \max \left[\theta^\gamma; \sup_{\partial\Omega} u^\gamma \right]$$

Necas - Stara (1972)

Mandras (1976)

Leonetti - Petricca (2009)

$$|a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x, u)| \leq \frac{c}{(1 + |u|)^q} \quad \text{for } \beta \neq \gamma$$

$$\theta \leq |u| \quad \implies \quad \nu |\xi|^2 \leq \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) \xi_j \xi_i$$

$$|a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u)| \leq \tilde{c}$$

$$u \in W^{1,2}(\Omega, \mathbb{R}^N) \text{ weak solution}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$u \in L_{loc}^{2^*(t+1)}(\Omega, \mathbb{R}^N)$$

for every t such that

$$0 < t < \frac{\nu}{n\tilde{c}2N}, \quad t \leq \frac{q}{2}$$

additional assumption

$$a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) = b_{ij}(x, u)$$

$\Downarrow$

$$u \in L_{loc}^{2^*(\frac{q}{2}+1)}(\Omega, \mathbb{R}^N)$$

Leonetti - Petricca (2011)

PROOF

$$0 = \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\alpha,\beta=1}^N a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x,u) D_j u^{\beta} D_i v^{\alpha}$$

fix $\gamma \in \{1, \dots, N\}$

$$v^{\alpha} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \alpha \neq \gamma \\ \phi(|u|) u^{\alpha} \eta^2 & \text{if } \alpha = \gamma \end{cases}$$

$\eta : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ cut-off function

$$\phi(|u|) = (p+1)^2 |u|^{2p}, \quad p > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\alpha,\beta=1}^N a_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(x,u) D_j u^{\beta} D_i v^{\alpha} = \\
&= \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\beta=1}^N a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x,u) D_j u^{\beta} D_i (\phi(|u|) u^{\gamma} \eta^2) = \\
&= \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x,u) D_j u^{\gamma} D_i (\phi(|u|) u^{\gamma} \eta^2) + \\
&\quad + \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\beta \neq \gamma}^N a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x,u) D_j u^{\beta} D_i (\phi(|u|) u^{\gamma} \eta^2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$D_i (\phi(|u|) u^{\gamma} \eta^2) =$$

$$= \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta}) u^{\gamma} \eta^2 + \phi(|u|) (D_i u^{\gamma}) \eta^2 + \phi(|u|) u^{\gamma} D_i (\eta^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x,u)(D_j u^{\gamma})\phi(|u|)(D_i u^{\gamma})\eta^2 = \\
& - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x,u)(D_j u^{\gamma})\phi'(|u|)1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta})u^{\gamma}\eta^2 - \\
& - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\beta \neq \gamma}^N a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x,u)(D_j u^{\beta})\phi'(|u|)1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta})u^{\gamma}\eta^2 + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad + \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad .
\end{aligned}$$

$$\nu \int_{\Omega} |Du^{\gamma}|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) (D_j u^{\gamma}) \phi(|u|) (D_i u^{\gamma}) \eta^2$$

$$- \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) (D_j u^{\gamma}) \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta}) u^{\gamma} \eta^2 \leq$$

$$n\tilde{c} \int_{\Omega} |Du^{\gamma}| \phi'(|u|) |Du| |u^{\gamma}| \eta^2$$

$$- \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n \sum_{\beta \neq \gamma}^N a_{ij}^{\gamma\beta}(x, u) (D_j u^{\beta}) \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta}) u^{\gamma} \eta^2 \leq$$

$$\int_{\Omega} \frac{cn^2 N}{(1 + |u|)^q} |Du| \phi'(|u|) |Du| |u^{\gamma}| \eta^2$$

$$\nu \int_{\Omega} |Du|^{\gamma}|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq n \tilde{c} \int_{\Omega} \phi'(|u|) |u| |Du|^2 \eta^2 +$$

$$cn^2 N \int_{\Omega} \frac{\phi'(|u|) |u|}{(1+|u|)^q} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad .$$

$$\phi(|u|) = (p+1)^2 |u|^{2p}, \quad \phi'(|u|) |u| = (p+1)^2 |u|^{2p-1} 2p |u| = 2p \phi(|u|)$$

$$\nu \int_{\Omega} |Du|^{\gamma}|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq n \tilde{c} 2p \int_{\Omega} \phi(|u|) |Du|^2 \eta^2 +$$

$$cn^2 N (p+1)^2 2p \int_{\Omega} \frac{|u|^{2p}}{(1+|u|)^q} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad .$$

sum upon γ

$$\nu \int_{\Omega} \sum_{\gamma=1}^N |Du^{\gamma}|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq N n \tilde{c} 2p \int_{\Omega} \phi(|u|) |Du|^2 \eta^2 +$$

$$cn^2 N^2 (p+1)^2 2p \int_{\Omega} \frac{|u|^{2p}}{(1+|u|)^q} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + \dots$$

$$n \tilde{c} N 2p < \nu, \quad 2p \leq q$$

$$p < \frac{\nu}{n \tilde{c} N 2}, \quad p \leq \frac{q}{2}$$

$$(\nu - Nn\tilde{c}2p) \int_{\Omega} |Du|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq cn^2 N^2 (p+1)^2 2p \int_{\Omega} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + \dots$$

$$|Du|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 = |Du|^2 (p+1)^2 |u|^{2p} \eta^2$$

$$|D(|u|^{p+1}\eta)|^2 \leq 2(p+1)^2 |u|^{2p} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + 2n |u|^{2(p+1)} |D\eta|^2$$

$$\int_{B_\rho} |u|^{2^*(p+1)} \leq \left(c \int_{\Omega} |D(|u|^{p+1}\eta)|^2 \right)^{2^*/2} \leq$$

$$\left(c \int_{\Omega} (|u|^{2p}|Du|^2\eta^2 + |u|^{2(p+1)}|D\eta|^2) \right)^{2^*/2} \leq c \left(\int_{\Omega} |Du|^2 + \int_{B_R} (1+|u|)^{2(p+1)} \right)^{2^*/2}$$

$$|u|^{2(p+1)} \in L^1(B_R) \implies |u|^{2^*(p+1)} \in L^1(B_\rho)$$

finite number of steps since $p < \frac{\nu}{n\tilde{c}N2}$ and $p \leq \frac{q}{2}$

with the additional assumption

$$a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) = b_{ij}(x, u)$$

we get the new estimate

$$\begin{aligned} & - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{\gamma=1}^N \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}^{\gamma\gamma}(x, u) (D_j u^{\gamma}) \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta}) u^{\gamma} \eta^2 = \\ & - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{\gamma=1}^N \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij}(x, u) (D_j u^{\gamma}) \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \sum_{\delta=1}^N \frac{u^{\delta}}{|u|} (D_i u^{\delta}) u^{\gamma} \eta^2 = \\ & - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij}(x, u) \sum_{\gamma=1}^N (D_j u^{\gamma}) u^{\gamma} \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \frac{1}{|u|} \sum_{\delta=1}^N u^{\delta} (D_i u^{\delta}) \eta^2 = \\ & - \int_{\Omega} \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij}(x, u) \langle u, D_j u \rangle \phi'(|u|) 1_{\{|u|>0\}} \frac{1}{|u|} \langle u, D_i u \rangle \eta^2 \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\nu \int_{\Omega} \sum_{\gamma=1}^n |Du^{\gamma}|^2 \phi(|u|) \eta^2 \leq cn^2 N^2 (p+1)^2 2p \int_{\Omega} \frac{|u|^{2p}}{(1+|u|)^q} |Du|^2 \eta^2 + \dots$$

$$2p \leq q$$